# GROWTH MINDSET 

 CREATING AND SUPPORTING A CULTURE OF GROWTH AT MENDEZ

## GROWTH V. FIXEDMINDSET

## GROWTH MINDSET

- intelligence is developed
- the goal in school is to learn (ask questions)
- effort means progress and learning
- challenges are enjoyed
- failure and mistakes increase resilience and perseverance
- criticism is an opportunity


## FIXED MINDSET

- intelligence is fixed
- the goal in school means looking smart (don't ask questions)
- showing effort means you're not good at the task
- challenges are stifling
- failure and mistakes are
discouraging
- criticism is negative feedback
"Mindset change is not about picking up a few pointers here and there. It's about seeing things in a new way.

When people...change to a growth mindset, they change from a judge-and-be-judged framework to a learn-and-help-learn framework. Their commitment is to grow, and growth takes plenty of time, effort, and mutual support."
—Carol S. Dweck, Mindset: The New Psychology of Success

## ways to instill growth in how

 we think
## students <br> teachers

school-wide


## 1. Classroom culture



## 1. Classroom culture

## GOAL-SETTING

- Have students create short-term, medium-term, and long-term goals



## 1. Classroom culture

## GOAL-SHARING

- Incorporate goal talks in what you already do! Ask students about how they are doing with their goals in reflections, exit tickets, pre- and post-assessments, learning logs, data chats, pair-share activities, and rubrics


## Evelyn G



## 1. Classroom culture

## GOAL-CHECKING

- Accountability is crucial - share goals and revisit them throughout the year (heginning or end of grading periods). Involve parents, peer groups, and you (the teacher), so students feel that their goals are important, valued, and real.

PLG Check-in and MAP data Report- February 2017


#### Abstract

So far, my journey towards accomplishing my goals has been particularly successful. I've been playing basketball in a league, trying my hardest, studying for test, and drawing whenever I can. One thing that I can do in order to accomplish these goals is to sleep early so that I may rest for another day of productivity, also not to procrastinate and most importantly keep a positive mindset so that my brain can continue to develop and willing to have growth and face challenges. Some goals that have changed in view point is reading books as many as ten, as I find it hard to concentrate reading, and less time being able to read. In terms if my academic goals my MAP scores for Winter of 2017 from Fall of 2016 went down by one point. I'm proud of my literature goal performances going up, and Informational Text as well. Although I as proud of those, my goal performance for Vocabulary Acquisition and Use went down, this means that I need to pay more attention when studying my WPW and searching for the definitions of words that I do not understands and how a word is used in the text. In my spring MAP test I wish to accomplish my goal of 242 .


## 1. Classroom culture

## GOAL-CELEBRATING

- Focus on and celebrate GROWTH, and not the score/grade/level/percentage.
- Showcase notable people in your content area/discipline who have practiced a growth mindset.

perseverance and above all confidence in ourselves. We must believe that we are gifted for something and that this thing must be attained. MARIE CURIE

It's not that I'm so smart, it's just that I stay with problems longer.
further net Mile time November 2016 9:00.46

You run faster by over a minute!



## 2. Student work

## Get hetter, higher-quality work from your students

- For major projects, lab reports, essays, DBQs, performance tasks, and presentations, incorporate two deadlines and have both deadlines worth points.
- The first deadline is not for rough drafts. It is a real, final, actual deadline. The second deadline is equally real and final.
- Even the "best" projects or essays can be done a lot better.


Continuous improvement over time

## 2. Student work

- For performance tasks, prompts, and projects, provide students with options (mild, spicy, and fire). Students choose their challenge and feel more empowered by the responsibility of choosing their next level.



## 2. Student work

- Be very careful with giving a $100 \%$, unless it's a multiple choice test. (\#controversial \#sorry)
- Always push kids to do better and better.
- This prepares students for the real world and teaches them that there are no dead ends in learning.
- It creates a culture of excitement when students are introduced to new, challenging, and rigorous experiences.
- Students start to demonstrate a competitive spirit and their greatest competition is themselves.


It's not about just climbing the mountain and being done. It's about how we can climb the mountain better. That's why world-records keep getting broken.


## 3. Teacher culture

- Model the idea of growth and life-long learning.
- Set your own short-term, medium-term, and long-term goals.
- This works perfectly with our new evaluation system and our site goals (\#AVID)
my short term goal


## MEM <br> STUDE <br> INTERESTING FACT <br> ABOUT EACHOF

THEM. BE INTENTIONAL IN EXERCISING MY
BODY (wORKING OUT),
MIND (MEDHAIING), AND Canc ( AITH) AT - ASHVCE A WEEK

O (EAC.


Short term (1 month)
Medium term (6 months)

Long term (1 year)

## 3. Teacher culture

- Students will keep you accountable. They are very good at this!
- Earn your students' respect.
- Teach by doing. Teach life-long learning.



## 3. Teacher culture

- Seek out mentors and colleagues who can help you be a better (teacher, influencer, leader, communicator, athlete, mediator, test maker, curriculum writer, encourager, etc. ) - Seek out opportunities to learn, take risks, and revise/rethink what you've always done.



# GOAL SETTING TIME 

Spend some time setting personal and classroom/curricular goals for this school year You can find a list of potential goals on the Growth Mindset Resources handout. Leave the department and site goals boxes empty (for the next presentation).

